Geography

To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/ computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.

To use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.

To locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North America, concentrating on the environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities

To identify rivers and mountains.

To explore the water cycle.

To explore types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.

RE

What can we learn from Christian religious buildings?

Children will describe the interiors and exteriors of Christian religious buildings, identifying key features and explaining how they are used in worship.



Science

To associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.

To compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches.

To use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram. find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it.

PE

Gymnastics and games skills.

History

To study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066: WW1.

Literacy

WW1 poetry

Writing explanation and instructional texts

Creating stories based upon 'The Varmints'

<u>DT</u>

To use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups.

To generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams.

To select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.

To investigate and analyse a range of existing products.

Numeracy

2D and 3D shape properties

Reflecting and translating shapes on coordinate grids

Converting between measurements

Estimating, measuring and calculating angles

Art-

I explore ideas and collect visual and other information to help me develop my work. I keep these in my art sketch book.

I use this in developing my work, taking account of the purpose.

I keep notes in my sketch book about how I might develop my work further.

I use the internet for research.

I look at the work I have produced and that of others and discuss whether it meets the purpose.

I keep notes in my sketchbook about mymethods of working and the methods ofothers.

My work reflects a purpose that I write about in my sketchbook.

I choose the most appropriate materials for my collages to fit the purpose.

I can modify and change materials to be used in my collage.

I make comments on the ideas, methodsand approaches in my own and others'work, relating these to the context in